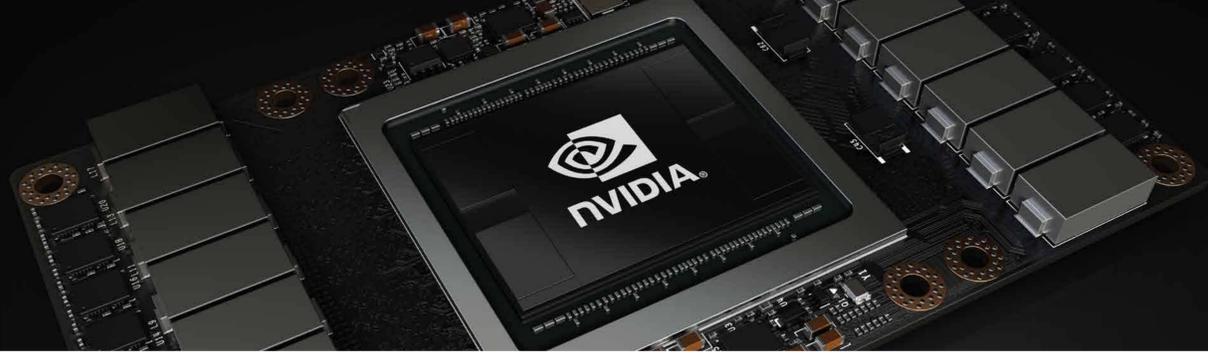


# LATTICE QCD ON NVIDIA® TESLA® V100



## APPROACHING QUDA 1.0

### QUADA: A LIBRARY FOR QCD ON GPUS

QUADA is an open source community-developed and NVIDIA-supported library for performing LQCD calculations on GPUs, leveraging NVIDIA's CUDA platform. QUADA provides highly optimized mixed-precision linear solvers, eigen-vector solvers, gauge-link fattening and fermion force algorithms.

**Supported fermion types are: Wilson, Wilson-clover, twisted mass, twisted mass clover, naïve staggered, improved staggered (ASQTAD or HISQ), domain-wall (4-d or 5-d) and möbius.**

Use of multiple GPUs in parallel is supported throughout the library, with inter-GPU communication achieved using MPI or QMP. Several commonly-used LQCD applications integrate support for QUADA as a compile-time option, including Chroma, MILC, CPS, BQCD, TIFR and tmLQCD.

### WHY GPUS?

- LQCD simulations are typically memory-bandwidth bound, and so run very efficiently on GPUs.
- LQCD simulations have high degrees of data parallelism that can be expressed effectively using the single instruction multiple data (SIMD) paradigm. This makes LQCD ideal for GPU deployment.
- Most LQCD calculations require only local communication on the 4-d lattice. This makes them suitable for deployment on multiple GPUs through partitioning the lattice into disjoint equal sub-lattices and distributing these between GPUs.

### Approaching QUDA 1.0

QUADA is under active development as well as being a production-ready library. As it approaches version 1.0 the development focus concentrates on

- Ease of Development and Stability
- Improved Multi-GPU Scaling
- Readiness for Exascale

### EASE OF DEVELOPMENT AND STABILITY

QUADA leverages modern C++11 to simplify code development and achieve high performance. A flexible git workflow, relying on GitHub pull requests and build testing via Jenkins CI is employed for rapid and flexible development. Cmake is used for build configuration, allowing for running unit based on googletest through ctest.

> **Friday 15:00 (Software Development Session):**  
'Developing QCD Algorithms For NVIDIA GPUs Using the QUADA Framework'

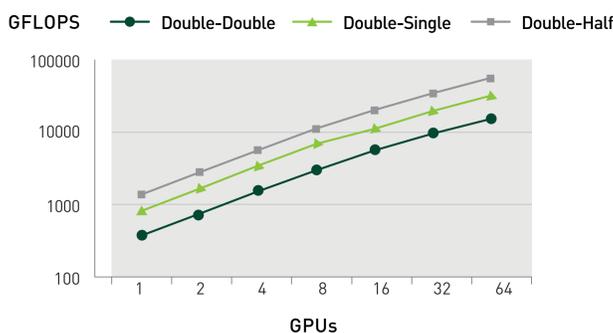
### IMPROVED SCALING

QUADA exploits various techniques to improve communication between GPUs on multiple levels:

- CUDA IPC for direct P2P transfers within fat nodes over NVLink and PCIe
- GPU Direct RDMA for internode communication
- Topology aware scheduling of communication

### SOLVER SCALING ON SATURN V (DGX-1NODES)

Volume per GPU =  $24^4 \times 16$ , Mixed precision Shamir CG, 8 P100 GPUs per node



### US TO BUILD TWO FLAGSHIP SUPERCOMPUTERS



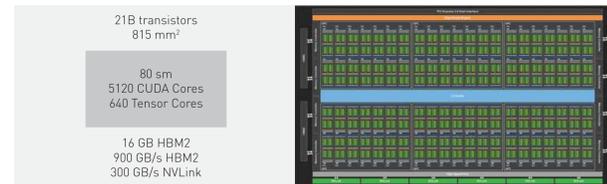
**SUMMIT**  
150-300 PFLOPS Peak Performance

**SIERRA**  
> 100 PFLOPS Peak Performance

- IBM POWER9 + NVIDIA Volta V100
- NVLink high-speed interconnect
- > 40 TFLOPS (DP) per node
- > 4600 nodes (Summit)
- Initial deployment in 2017



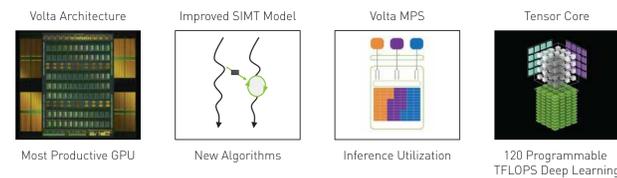
### TESLA VOLTA V100



### GENERATIONAL IMPROVEMENTS

	P100	V100	RATIO
FP64/FP32	5/10 TFLOPS	7.5/15 TFLOPS	1.5X
HBM2 Bandwidth	720 GB/s	900 GB/s	1.2X
NVLink Bandwidth	160 GB/s	300 GB/s	1.9X
L2 Cache	4 MB	6 MB	1.5X
NVLink Bandwidth	1.3 MB	10 MB	7.7X

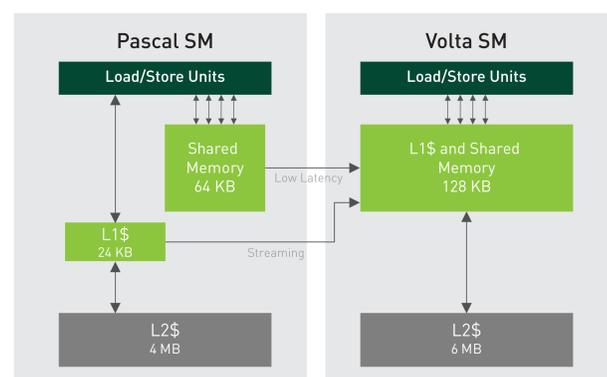
### ARCHITECTURAL IMPROVEMENTS



### IMPROVED MEMORY SUBSYSTEM

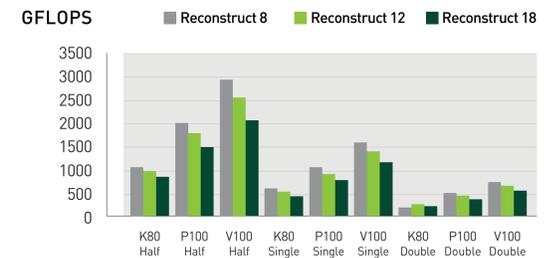


### ENHANCED L1 CACHE



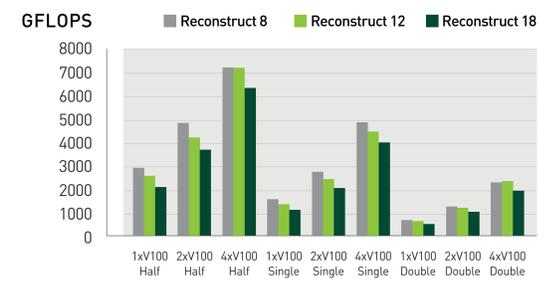
### WILSON CLOVER DSLASH

Volume =  $32^4$



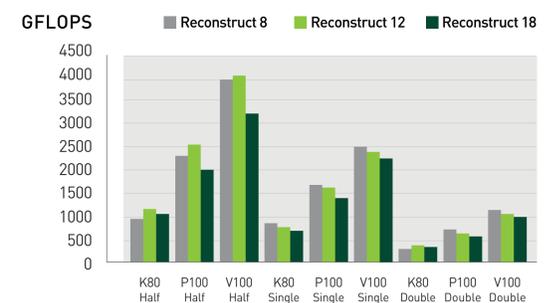
### MULTI-GPU WILSON CLOVER DSLASH

Global Volume =  $32^4$ , NVLink



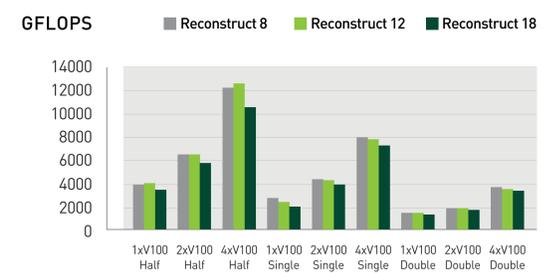
### MÖBIUS DSLASH

Volume =  $32^4 \times 16$



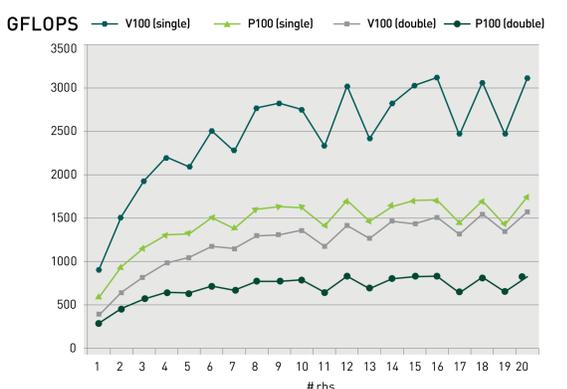
### MULTI-GPU MÖBIUS DSLASH

Global Volume =  $32^4 \times 16$ , NVLink



### HISQ Dslash for multiple rhs

Volume =  $24^4$ , Gauge reconstruct



### REFERENCES

<https://lattice.github.io/quada>  
<https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-zone>  
<https://devblogs.nvidia.com/parallelforall/inside-volta/>

